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TABLE 1

752

100

Test 3

Abstract: *Staphylococcus aureus* is a leading cause of nosocomial infections. The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *S. aureus* in the hospital environment and to identify the antibiotic resistance patterns of the isolates. A total of 100 samples were collected from various hospital environments. The isolates were identified by Gram stain, catalase, coagulase, and DNA probe. The antibiotic resistance patterns were determined by disk diffusion. The results showed that 75% of the isolates were resistant to at least one antibiotic. The most common resistance pattern was to penicillin and tetracycline. The isolates were also resistant to erythromycin, clindamycin, and rifampin. The results of this study suggest that *S. aureus* is a significant cause of nosocomial infections and that the isolates are resistant to a wide range of antibiotics.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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扫描全能王 创建

Shenzhen Vintedong Testing Technology Co., Ltd.



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一、检测结果

1、有组织废气检测结果

烟道		检测结果					
01	第一号	二甲苯	55.1	23.7	0.0001	0.0	1
	第二号	二甲苯	47.5	23.7	0.0010	0.0	1
	第三号	二甲苯	55.0	23.7	0.0001	0.0	1

2、废水检测结果

检测点		检测项目	检测结果
1#	1#	总磷	1.52
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
2#	2#	总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
3#	3#	总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
4#	4#	总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05
		氨氮	0.05
		总氮	0.05
		总磷	0.05



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